

Important Govt Schemes

1. PRADHAN MANTRI MATSYA SAMPADA YOJANA (PMMSY)

Launch Date: 10 September 2020

Nodal Ministry: Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry & Dairying

Implementing Department: Department of Fisheries

Duration: 2020–21 to 2024–25 (extended to 2025–26)

Total Outlay: ₹20,050 crore → Centre ₹9,407 crore | States ₹4,880 crore | Beneficiaries ₹5,763 crore

Objectives

1. Increase fish production to 22 million metric tons (MMT) by 2024–25.
2. Boost exports, income, and employment in fisheries.

2. ATAL MISSION FOR REJUVENATION AND URBAN TRANSFORMATION (AMRUT 2.0)

Launch Date: 1 October 2021

Nodal Ministry: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MoHUA)

Objective

Provide **universal coverage of water supply and sewerage management** in cities, promote **green spaces**, and ensure **urban resilience**.

Key Targets (2021–26)

- 100 percent water supply coverage to 4,700+ urban local bodies.
- 100 percent sewage management in 500 AMRUT cities.
- Reuse of treated wastewater and urban forestation.

Total Outlay: ₹2,99,000 crore (₹76,760 crore Central share).

3. AYUSHMAN BHARAT HEALTH INFRASTRUCTURE MISSION (AB-HIM)

Launch Date: 25 October 2021

Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW)

Objective

Build a **comprehensive public-health infrastructure** across urban and rural India that strengthens **surveillance, diagnostics, and emergency preparedness**, reducing dependence on tertiary hospitals.

Budget: ₹64,180 crore (2021–26)

4. STAND-UP INDIA SCHEME

Launch: 5 April 2016

Nodal Agency: Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI)

Objective

Promote **entrepreneurship among Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, and women**.

Features

- Bank loan between ₹10 lakh and ₹1 crore for greenfield projects.
- At least one Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe and one woman borrower per bank branch.

5. PRADHAN MANTRI MUDRA YOJANA (PMMY)

Launch: 8 April 2015

Nodal Agency: Micro Units Development and Refinance Agency Ltd. (MUDRA)



Objective

Provide **collateral-free micro-loans** to small entrepreneurs.

Loan Categories

- **Shishu:** Up to ₹50,000
- **Kishor:** ₹50,001 – ₹5 lakh
- **Tarun:** ₹5 lakh – ₹10 lakh

Budget 2024–25 update (Tarun Plus and limit enhancement)

- Loan ceiling enhanced to ₹20 lakh.
- **Tarun Plus** introduced for borrowers who have **successfully repaid** earlier Tarun loans (₹5–10 lakh).
- **Credit Guarantee Fund for Micro Units (CGFMU)** cover extended up to ₹20 lakh.

6. PRADHAN MANTRI JAN DHAN YOJANA (PMJDY)

Launch: 28 August 2014

Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Finance (Department of Financial Services)

Objective

Ensure **universal financial inclusion** by providing access to **banking, remittance, credit, insurance, and pension.**

Features

- **Zero-balance Basic Savings Bank Deposit Account (BSBDA).**
- **RuPay Debit Card** with ₹2 lakh accident insurance.
- **Overdraft facility up to ₹10,000** for eligible/active accounts.
- **Integration with Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT)** for subsidies.

7. ATAL PENSION YOJANA (APY)

Launch: 9 May 2015

Implementing Agency: Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA)

Objective

Provide **old-age income security** to **unorganised-sector workers.**

Features

- **Monthly pension ₹1,000 – ₹5,000** after age 60.
- **Government co-contribution** for early joiners (2015–16 batch).
- **Age eligibility** 18 – 40 years.
- **Current status (consolidated mention):** 8.11 crore enrolments as of August 2025.

8. PRADHAN MANTRI SURAKSHA BIMA YOJANA (PMSBY)

Launch: 9 May 2015

Objective

Accident insurance for **poor and low-income sections.**

Features

- **Annual premium ₹20.**
- **Coverage ₹2 lakh** (accidental death/full disability), **₹1 lakh** (partial disability).
- Available to **18 – 70 years** bank account holders.

9. PRADHAN MANTRI JEEVAN JYOTI BIMA YOJANA (PMJJBY)

Launch: 9 May 2015

Objective

Provide **affordable life insurance** to the underprivileged.

Features

- **Annual premium ₹436.**



- Sum assured ₹2 lakh on death of the insured.
- Age eligibility 18 – 50 years; renewable till age 55.

10. PRADHAN MANTRI VAYA VANDANA YOJANA (PMVVY)

Launch: 4 May 2017 by Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC)

Objective

Provide assured pension for senior citizens aged 60 and above.

Features

- 10-year policy term.
- Minimum purchase ₹1.5 lakh, maximum ₹15 lakh.
- Interest rate 7.4 percent per annum (pension monthly/quarterly/annually).

11. PRADHAN MANTRI MATRU VANDANA YOJANA (PMMVY)

Launch: 1 January 2017

Objective

Provide maternity benefits to pregnant and lactating women for compensating wage loss.

Features

- Conditional cash transfer of ₹5,000 in three instalments.
- Covers first live birth (extended to second child if female in 2022).
- Linked to Poshan Tracker and Aadhaar-based DBT.

12. NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY (NEP) 2020 – IMPLEMENTATION SCHEMES

Implementing Ministry: Ministry of Education

Adopted: 29 July 2020

Objective

Transform India's education system through holistic, multidisciplinary, and skill-based learning, ensuring universal access from pre-school to higher education.

Key Features

- 5+3+3+4 structure replacing the 10+2 system.
- Early Childhood Care and Education (ECCE) integrated into schooling.
- Mother tongue/regional language as medium of instruction till Grade 5.
- Multiple entry-exit in higher education (Academic Bank of Credits).
- Establishment of National Research Foundation (NRF) for innovation promotion.
- 100% Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) target in school education by 2030.

13. PM VISHWAKARMA SCHEME

Launch: 17 September 2023

Nodal Ministry: Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSME)

Objective

Support traditional artisans and craftspeople (Vishwakarmas) through financial, technical, and digital empowerment.

Features (combined)

- 18 trades covered (e.g., carpenter, goldsmith, blacksmith, etc.).
- PM Vishwakarma ID and skill certification.
- ₹15,000 toolkit incentive.
- Collateral-free credit up to ₹2 lakh in two tranches (₹1 lakh first + ₹1 lakh second in the broader description; programme financing allows up to ₹2 lakh across tranches) at 5% interest.
- ₹500/day stipend during skill training.
- Coverage rural + urban; target 30 lakh families over 5 years.
- Goal: Integrate artisans with domestic and global value chains.



- Outlay (period reference): ~₹13,000 crore (FY 2023–28).

14. CREDIT GUARANTEE FUND TRUST FOR MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISES (CGTMSE)

Launch: 2000

Jointly by: Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises & Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI)

Objective

Provide collateral-free credit to Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs).

Features

- Guarantee cover up to ₹5 crore.
- Credit-guarantee ratio: 75%–85%.

15. PRODUCTION LINKED INCENTIVE (PLI) SCHEMES – GENERAL

Launch: 2020 under Atmanirbhar Bharat Package

Objective

Boost domestic manufacturing and exports across 14 sectors.

Sectors Covered: Electronics, Pharmaceuticals, Automobiles, Textiles, Food Processing, Solar Photovoltaics, etc.

Total Outlay: ₹1.97 lakh crore

16. SWACHH BHARAT MISSION – URBAN (SBM-U)

Nodal Ministry: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs

Launch: 2 October 2014 (SBM-U 2.0 from 1 October 2021)

Core Objectives

- Eliminate open defecation in cities/towns; achieve Garbage-Free Cities through 100% source segregation, door-to-door collection, scientific processing, and legacy dumpsite remediation.

Funding (SBM-U 2.0, 2021–26)

- Total indicative outlay: ₹1,41,600 crore; ₹36,465 crore Central share; remainder via States/UTs, Urban Local Bodies, PPP, beneficiary share.

17. STRENGTHENING TEACHING–LEARNING AND RESULTS FOR STATES (STARS)

Type: Centrally Sponsored (World Bank assisted)

Focus

Learning assessment, governance, school-to-work pathways, and vocational education across six States (Himachal Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh, Kerala).

Outlay: ₹5,718 crore (includes US\$500 million World Bank support).

18. PM E-DRIVE (PRIME MINISTER ELECTRIC DRIVE REVOLUTION IN INNOVATIVE VEHICLE ENHANCEMENT)

Tenor: 1 October 2024 – 31 March 2026

Outlay: ₹10,900 crore

Aim

Accelerate electric vehicle adoption, expand charging infrastructure, and strengthen the domestic electric-vehicle manufacturing ecosystem.



19. PM VIDYALAXMI SCHEME (HIGHER-EDUCATION LOANS)

Type: Central sector; aligned with National Education Policy 2020.

Coverage

Quality Higher Education Institutions (QHEIs) per National Institutional Ranking Framework (NIRF) — Top-100 (all categories), State Government institutions ranked 101–200, and all Central Government institutions ($\approx$ 860 QHEIs initially).

Key Supports

- **Collateral/guarantor-free loans;** for loans up to ₹7.5 lakh, 75% credit guarantee to banks.
- **3% interest subvention during moratorium** for students with family income $\leq$ ₹8 lakh, not availing any other scholarship/subvention (capped to 1 lakh students/year; loans up to ₹10 lakh).
- **Digital portal** and Central Bank Digital Currency (CBDC) e-voucher for subvention.
- **Outlay:** ₹3,600 crore (2024–31).

20. "NAMO DRONE DIDI"

Concept

Provide **women Self-Help Groups (SHGs)** **drones** to deliver **spraying services** (liquid fertilizers, pesticides) **on rental basis**, blending **technology inclusion** with **rural women's livelihood**.

Financials and Package

- **Central Financial Assistance (CFA):** 80% of drone cost (cap ₹8 lakh).
- **Remaining via Agriculture Infrastructure Fund loan** (3% interest subvention).

21. PRADHAN MANTRI AWAAS YOJANA – GRAMIN (PMAY-G)

Launch: 2016 (revamp of Indira Awaas Yojana)

Ministry: Rural Development

Goal

Provide **pucca houses with basic amenities** to rural poor families and achieve **Housing for All by 2024**.

Assistance & Funding

- **₹1.2 lakh per unit** (plain areas); **₹1.3 lakh** (hilly/NE).
- **60:40 cost-sharing** (90:10 NE/Himalayan States).
- **100% Central funding** for Union Territories.

Beneficiary Selection & Design

- **Socio-Economic Caste Census 2011** for selection.
- **Priority to SC/ST, disabled, landless, and vulnerable families.**
- **Minimum area 25 m²** (including cooking space).

Convergence

- **MGNREGA** (wage support), **Ujjwala** (LPG), **Swachh Bharat** (toilets), **Saubhagya** (electricity).

Target: 4.95 crore houses by March 2029.

22. NATIONAL PENSION SYSTEM (NPS)

Launch: 2004 (pension reform)

Regulator: Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA)

Framework

- **Defined-contribution, market-linked plan** open to **all citizens**.
 - **Contribution ratio** (Central Government employees): **Government 14%, employee 10%.**
 - **Choice of fund managers and investment mix.**
 - **Tax benefits:** Sections 80C & 80CCD.
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23. PM JANMAN MISSION (PARTICULARLY VULNERABLE TRIBAL GROUPS – PVTG DEVELOPMENT)

Launch: 15 November 2023

Outlay: ₹24,104 crore (2023–26)

Goal

Holistic development of PVTG habitations across 22 States/Union Territories with a focus on housing, water, education, and livelihoods.

24. PRADHAN MANTRI SURYA GHAR MUFT BIJLI YOJANA

Launch: 13 February 2024

Objective: Provide up to 300 units free electricity per month via rooftop solar by installing panels on 1 crore households.

Budget: ₹75,000 crore.

Direct benefit to poor/middle-class families.

25. NATIONAL GREEN HYDROGEN MISSION (NGHM)

Launch: 4 January 2023

Outlay: ₹19,744 crore (2023–30)

Objective

Make India a global hub for green hydrogen production, targeting 5 million metric tons (MMT) per year by 2030.

26. NATIONAL LOGISTICS POLICY (NLP 2022)

Launch: 17 September 2022

Nodal Ministry: Ministry of Commerce and Industry

Objective

Reduce logistics cost from ~13–14% of GDP to 8% by 2030, ensuring smooth movement of goods via technology, skilled manpower, and standardisation.

27. PM DEVINE – PRIME MINISTER'S DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE FOR NORTH-EAST REGION

Launch: Union Budget 2022–23

Nodal Ministry: Ministry of Development of North-Eastern Region (MDoNER)

Objective

Fund infrastructure and social development projects in the North-Eastern States, supplementing schemes under North Eastern Council and Department of North-Eastern Region.

Funding: 100% Central share; **Outlay** ₹6,600 crore (2022–26).

28. NORTH EAST SPECIAL INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT SCHEME (NESIDS)

Objective

Build social infrastructure (water supply, education, tourism, health) in the North-East region.

Funding: 100% Central

Outlay: ₹8,000 crore (2022–27)

29. VIBRANT VILLAGES PROGRAMME (VVP)

Launch: 15 February 2023

Objective

Holistic development of border villages to prevent migration and strengthen frontier settlements.



Outlay: ₹4,800 crore (2023–26) for 2,967 villages in 46 blocks across 19 districts (4 States + 1 Union Territory).

Activities: road connectivity, tourism, renewable energy, housing, education.

30. DIGITAL AGRICULTURE MISSION (DAM)

Launch: 2021

Outlay: ₹14,235 crore

31. NATIONAL MISSION ON EDIBLE OILS – OILSEEDS (NMEO-OILSEEDS)

Cabinet approval: ₹10,103 crore (2024–25 to 2030–31)

Purpose

Boost **domestic oilseed production** (rapeseed-mustard, soybean, groundnut, sunflower, sesame; secondary sources **cottonseed, rice bran, tree-borne oils**).

Target

Primary oilseeds 39 → 69.7 million tonnes by 2030–31; **edible-oils self-reliance** together with **National Mission on Edible Oils – Oil Palm**.

32. PRADHAN MANTRI KISAN SAMMAN NIDHI (PM-KISAN)

Launch: 24 February 2019 | **Ministry:** Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare

Objective

Provide income support of ₹6,000 per year (three ₹2,000 instalments) to all landholding farmer families.

Implementation: Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT).

33. PRADHAN MANTRI FASAL BIMA YOJANA (PMFBY)

Launch: 13 January 2016

Objective

Comprehensive crop insurance against natural calamities, pests, and diseases.

Premium

- Kharif 2%, Rabi 1.5%, Horticulture 5%; balance subsidised.

34. PRADHAN MANTRI KRISHI SINCHAYEE YOJANA (PMKSY)

Launch: 1 July 2015 | **Tagline:** “Har Khet Ko Pani (Water for Every Field)”

35. NATIONAL BEE-KEEPING AND HONEY MISSION (NBHM)

Launch: 2020 | **Outlay:** ₹500 crore (2020–23)

Goal

Scientific beekeeping for income and pollination benefits.

36. PARAMPARAGAT KRISHI VIKAS YOJANA (PKVY)

Launch: 2015

Objective

Promote **organic farming** through **cluster approach**.

Support: ₹50,000 per hectare for 3 years.

37. NATIONAL FISHERIES DEVELOPMENT BOARD (NFDB)

Established: 2006 | **Headquarters:** Hyderabad



Functions

Coordinate PMMSY projects, training, and fisheries infrastructure.

38. PRODUCTION LINKED INCENTIVE (PLI) – FOOD PROCESSING

Launch: March 2021 | Outlay: ₹10,900 crore (2021–27)

Objective

Incentivise large-scale investment in ready-to-eat, marine, fruit, and organic products.

39. PM KUSUM (KISAN URJA SURAKSHA EVAM UTTAHAN MAHABHIYAN)

Launch: 2019 | Ministry: New and Renewable Energy

Objective

Provide solar power to farmers via decentralised plants and solar pumps.

Targets: 30.8 GW capacity; benefit 20 lakh farmers.

40. NATIONAL GREEN MISSION – GREEN INDIA MISSION (GIM)

Launch: 2014 under National Action Plan on Climate Change (NAPCC)

Objective

Increase forest and tree cover by 5 million hectares and enhance quality of 5 million hectares existing forest.

Outlay: ₹60,000 crore (2015–26)

41. NAMAMI GANGE PROGRAMME (NATIONAL MISSION FOR CLEAN GANGA)

Launch: 25 May 2015

Nodal Ministry: Jal Shakti (Department of Water Resources)

Objective

Conservation, rejuvenation, and pollution abatement of the River Ganga and tributaries.

Outlay: ₹20,000 crore (2015–26)

42. ATAL BHUJAL YOJANA (ATAL JAL)

Launch: 25 December 2019 | World Bank assisted | Outlay ₹6,000 crore

Objective

Improve groundwater management in water-stressed districts through community participation.

Coverage: 8,350 Gram Panchayats in 7 States.

43. PM SVANIDHI (PRIME MINISTER STREET VENDORS' ATMA NIRBHAR NIDHI)

Launch: 1 June 2020 | Nodal Ministry: Housing & Urban Affairs

Objective

Provide collateral-free working-capital loans to street vendors.

Loan Cycle: ₹10,000 → ₹20,000 → ₹50,000 (on timely repayment).

Interest Subvention: 7%.

Additional consolidated note: 60 lakh vendors covered; digital UPI incentives available.

44. NATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE PIPELINE (NIP)

Launch: 31 December 2019

Total Outlay: ₹111 lakh crore (2020–25)

Objective

Provide a pipeline of infrastructure projects across 24 sectors to attract private investment.

Funding Share: Centre 39%, States 40%, Private 21%.



45. EMERGENCY CREDIT LINE GUARANTEE SCHEME (ECLGS)

Launch: May 2020 under Aatma Nirbhar Bharat Package

Objective

Provide additional collateral-free working capital to MSMEs and business borrowers impacted by COVID-19.

Outlay: ₹5 lakh crore

46. MAHILA SAMMAN SAVINGS CERTIFICATE SCHEME

Launch: Budget 2023

Objective

Small-savings option for women and girls.

Features

- Tenure 2 years; interest rate 7.5% per annum (compounded quarterly).
- Deposit limit ₹1 lakh (raised to ₹2 lakh in Budget 2024).
- Partial withdrawal allowed after 1 year.

47. SUKANYA SAMRIDDHI YOJANA (SSY)

Launch: 22 January 2015 under Beti Bachao Beti Padhao

Objective

Secure future education and marriage expenses of girl child.

Features

- Interest 8.2% (2025); deposit ₹250 – ₹1.5 lakh per year; tenure 21 years; tax-free returns.

48. SENIOR CITIZENS SAVINGS SCHEME (SCSS)

Objective

Provide secure post-retirement income.

Eligibility: 60+ years; investment limit ₹30 lakh (raised 2023).

Interest: 8.2% per annum; tenure 5 years (extendable 3 years).

Multiple Choice Questions

1. Under Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana, the target for fish production by 2024–25 is:
(1)18 million metric tons (2)22 million metric tons (3)25 million metric tons (4)30 million metric tons
2. Under Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation 2.0, the Central Government's share in the total outlay of ₹2,99,000 crore is:
(1)₹48,000 crore (2)₹1,41,600 crore (3)₹76,760 crore (4)₹36,465 crore
3. The budget for Ayushman Bharat Health Infrastructure Mission for 2021–26 is:
(1)₹48,000 crore (2)₹2,99,000 crore (3)₹64,180 crore (4)₹20,050 crore
4. Stand-Up India provides greenfield project loans in the range of:
(1)₹5 lakh to ₹50 lakh (2)₹2 lakh to ₹20 lakh (3)₹10 lakh to ₹1 crore (4)₹25 lakh to ₹2 crore



5. In Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana, the category whose ceiling was enhanced to ₹20 lakh under the Tarun Plus update is:
(1)Shishu (2)Kishor (3)Tarun (4)None
6. Which is a feature of Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana accounts?
(1)Mandatory minimum balance (2)Zero-balance Basic Savings Bank Deposit Account (3)Only credit services (4)No Direct Benefit Transfer integration
7. Atal Pension Yojana guarantees a monthly pension in which range after age 60?
(1)₹500–₹2,000 (2)₹1,000–₹5,000 (3)₹2,500–₹7,500 (4)₹5,000–₹10,000
8. The annual premium under Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana is:
(1)₹12 (2)₹20 (3)₹30 (4)₹50
9. The sum assured under Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana is:
(1)₹1 lakh (2)₹2 lakh (3)₹5 lakh (4)₹10 lakh
10. Pradhan Mantri Vaya Vandana Yojana is administered by:
(1)Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (2)Small Industries Development Bank of India (3)Life Insurance Corporation of India (4)National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development
11. The total cash transfer under Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (three instalments) is:
(1)₹3,000 (2)₹4,000 (3)₹5,000 (4)₹6,000
12. National Education Policy 2020 replaces the 10+2 structure with:
(1)6+4+2 (2)5+3+3+4 (3)8+2 (4)4+4+4
13. Under the Prime Minister Vishwakarma Scheme, the toolkit incentive is:
(1)₹10,000 (2)₹15,000 (3)₹20,000 (4)₹25,000
14. Under the Credit Guarantee Fund Trust for Micro and Small Enterprises programme, the maximum guarantee cover is up to:
(1)₹1 crore (2)₹2 crore (3)₹3 crore (4)₹5 crore
15. The total outlay for Production Linked Incentive schemes across 14 sectors is:
(1)₹1.41 lakh crore (2)₹1.97 lakh crore (3)₹2.99 lakh crore (4)₹10,900 crore
16. Under Swachh Bharat Mission – Urban 2.0, the Central Government share of ₹36,465 crore is part of a total outlay of:
(1)₹64,180 crore (2)₹2,99,000 crore (3)₹1,41,600 crore (4)₹20,050 crore
17. The Strengthening Teaching–Learning and Results for States programme is assisted by:
(1)Asian Development Bank (2)World Bank (3)International Monetary Fund (4)Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank
18. Prime Minister Electric Drive Revolution in Innovative Vehicle Enhancement seeks to accelerate the adoption of:
(1)Biofuels (2)Compressed natural gas vehicles (3)Electric vehicles (4)Hydrogen internal combustion vehicles
19. Prime Minister Vidyaxmi Scheme offers a 3% interest subvention during the moratorium for eligible students with family income up to:
(1)₹5 lakh (2)₹6 lakh (3)₹8 lakh (4)₹10 lakh
20. Under Namo Drone Didi, Central Financial Assistance covers what proportion of drone cost (cap ₹8 lakh)?
(1)50% (2)60% (3)70% (4)80%
21. The minimum house area under Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana – Gramin (including cooking space) is:



- (1)20 square metres (2)25 square metres (3)30 square metres (4)35 square metres
22. For Central Government employees in the National Pension System, the contribution ratio (Government:Employee) is:
(1)10% : 10% (2)14% : 10% (3)12% : 10% (4)14% : 12%
23. The outlay of the Prime Minister Janman Mission for Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (2023–26) is:
(1)₹6,600 crore (2)₹8,000 crore (3)₹24,104 crore (4)₹19,744 crore
24. Prime Minister Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana provides up to how many free electricity units per month?
(1)200 units (2)300 units (3)400 units (4)500 units
25. The National Green Hydrogen Mission targets annual green hydrogen production by 2030 of:
(1)2 million metric tons (2)5 million metric tons (3)8 million metric tons (4)10 million metric tons
26. The National Logistics Policy 2022 aims to reduce logistics cost to what percentage of Gross Domestic Product by 2030?
(1)6% (2)8% (3)10% (4)12%
27. The Prime Minister's Development Initiative for North-East Region is funded at what Central share?
(1)50% (2)75% (3)100% (4)90%
28. The North East Special Infrastructure Development Scheme provides funding at:
(1)60% Central share (2)75% Central share (3)100% Central funding (4)90% Central share
29. The outlay for the Vibrant Villages Programme (2023–26) is:
(1)₹2,99,000 crore (2)₹4,800 crore (3)₹6,600 crore (4)₹20,050 crore
30. The Digital Agriculture Mission has a total outlay of:
(1)₹10,900 crore (2)₹14,235 crore (3)₹19,744 crore (4)₹64,180 crore
31. The National Mission on Edible Oils – Oilseeds targets primary oilseeds output by 2030–31 of:
(1)55.0 million tonnes (2)62.3 million tonnes (3)69.7 million tonnes (4)75.0 million tonnes
32. Annual income support per farmer family under Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi is:
(1)₹4,000 (2)₹5,000 (3)₹6,000 (4)₹7,500
33. The farmer premium rate for Kharif crops under Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana is:
(1)1.5% (2)2% (3)3% (4)5%
34. The tagline of Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana is:
(1)Per Drop More Crop (2)Har Khet Ko Pani (Water for Every Field) (3)More Crop Per Drop (4)Jal Jeevan Har Ghar
35. The outlay of the National Bee-Keeping and Honey Mission for 2020–23 is:
(1)₹10,103 crore (2)₹500 crore (3)₹5,718 crore (4)₹2,99,000 crore
36. Under Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana, the support per hectare for three years is:
(1)₹30,000 (2)₹50,000 (3)₹75,000 (4)₹1,00,000
37. The headquarters of the National Fisheries Development Board is located in:
(1)Mumbai (2)Hyderabad (3)Kochi (4)Kolkata
38. The Production Linked Incentive outlay for Food Processing (2021–27) is:
(1)₹1.97 lakh crore (2)₹10,900 crore (3)₹20,050 crore (4)₹76,760 crore
39. The capacity target under Pradhan Mantri Kisan Urja Suraksha evam Utthaan Mahabhiyan is:
(1)10.8 gigawatts (2)20.8 gigawatts (3)30.8 gigawatts (4)40.8 gigawatts
40. The outlay of the Green India Mission for 2015–26 is:
(1)₹24,104 crore (2)₹60,000 crore (3)₹19,744 crore (4)₹5,718 crore
41. The outlay of the Namami Gange Programme for 2015–26 is:



- (1) ₹20,000 crore (2) ₹64,180 crore (3) ₹2,99,000 crore (4) ₹10,900 crore
42. The Atal Bhujal Yojana covers how many Gram Panchayats?
(1) 5,000 (2) 8,350 (3) 10,000 (4) 12,500
43. The Prime Minister Street Vendors' Atma Nirbhar Nidhi loan ladder progresses up to a maximum of:
(1) ₹10,000 (2) ₹20,000 (3) ₹50,000 (4) ₹1,00,000
44. The total outlay of the National Infrastructure Pipeline (2020–25) is:
(1) ₹2,99,000 crore (2) ₹111 lakh crore (3) ₹1.97 lakh crore (4) ₹75,000 crore
45. The outlay for the Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme is:
(1) ₹1 lakh crore (2) ₹2 lakh crore (3) ₹5 lakh crore (4) ₹10 lakh crore
46. The interest rate under the Mahila Samman Savings Certificate is:
(1) 7.1% per annum (2) 7.5% per annum (compounded quarterly) (3) 8.0% per annum (4) 8.2% per annum
47. The tenure of the Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana account is:
(1) 10 years (2) 15 years (3) 21 years (4) 25 years
48. Under the Senior Citizens Savings Scheme, the tenure is 5 years and it can be extended by:
(1) 1 year (2) 2 years (3) 3 years (4) 4 years

Answers (Govt Schemes Important)

1	2	21	2	41	1
2	3	22	2	42	2
3	3	23	3	43	3
4	3	24	2	44	2
5	3	25	2	45	3
6	2	26	2	46	2
7	2	27	3	47	3
8	2	28	3	48	3
9	2	29	2		
10	3	30	2		
11	3	31	3		
12	2	32	3		
13	2	33	2		
14	4	34	2		
15	2	35	2		
16	3	36	2		
17	2	37	2		
18	3	38	2		
19	3	39	3		
20	4	40	2		